5.

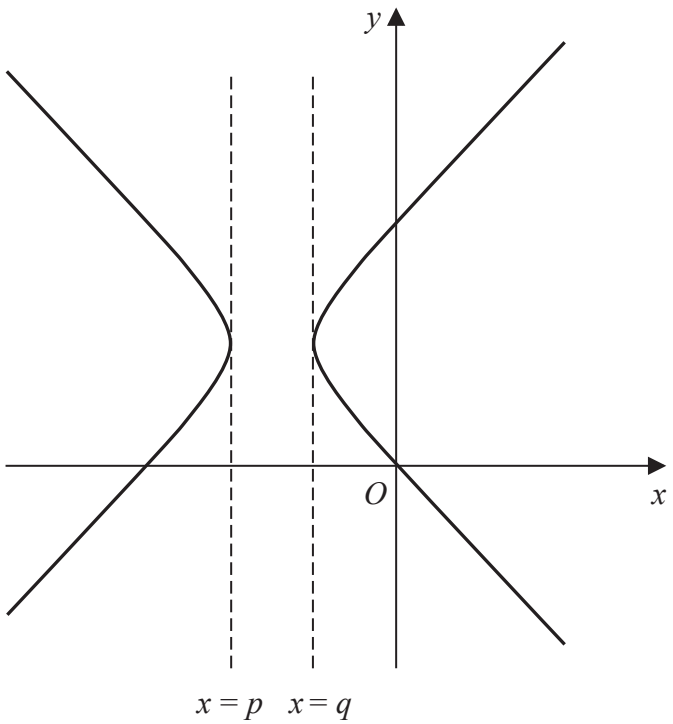


Figure 2

Figure 2 shows a sketch of the curve with equation

$$y^2 = 2x^2 + 15x + 10y$$

(a) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ in terms of x and y.

(4)

The curve is not defined for values of x in the interval (p, q), as shown in Figure 2.

(b) Using your answer to part (a) or otherwise, find the value of p and the value of q.

(*Solutions relying entirely on calculator technology are not acceptable.*)

(3)

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Question 5 continued

Question 5 continued

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Question 5 continued

(Total for Question 5 is 7 marks)

6. Relative to a fixed origin O.

- the point A has position vector $2\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j} + 5\mathbf{k}$
- the point B has position vector $8\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j} - 7\mathbf{k}$

The line l passes through A and B.

(a) (i) Find $\overrightarrow{AB}$

(ii) Find a vector equation for the line l

(3)

The point C has position vector $3\mathbf{i} + 5\mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k}$

The point P lies on l

Given that $\overrightarrow{CP}$ is perpendicular to l

(b) find the position vector of the point P

(5)

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