1. **In this question you must show all stages of your working.**

Solutions relying entirely on calculator technology are not acceptable.

Solve, for $0 < \theta \leqslant 360°$, the equation

$$3\tan^2\theta + 7\sec\theta - 3 = 0$$

giving your answers to one decimal place.

(5)

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Question 1 continued

(Total for Question 1 is 5 marks)

2.

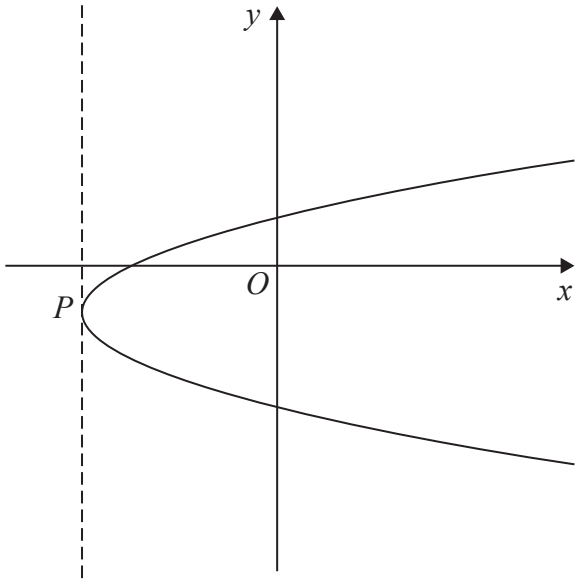


Figure 1

Figure 1 shows a sketch of the curve with equation

$$x = 2y^2 + 5y - 6$$

(a) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ in terms of y.

(2)

The point P lies on the curve and is shown in Figure 1.

Given that the tangent to the curve at P is parallel to the y-axis,

(b) find the coordinates of P.

(3)

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