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3. (i) Find

$$\int \frac{12}{(2x-1)^2}\,dx$$

giving your answer in simplest form.

(2)

(ii) (a) Write $\dfrac{4x+3}{x+2}$ in the form

$$A + \frac{B}{x+2}$$ where A and B are constants to be found

(b) Hence find, using algebraic integration, the exact value of

$$\int_{-8}^{-5} \frac{4x+3}{x+2}\,dx$$

giving your answer in simplest form.

(6)

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Question 3 continued

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Question 3 continued

Q3

(Total 8 marks)

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4. The functions f and g are defined by

$$f(x) = \frac{4x + 6}{x - 5} \qquad x \in \mathbb{R},\ x \neq 5$$

$$g(x) = 5 - 2x^2 \qquad x \in \mathbb{R},\ x \leqslant 0$$

(a) Solve the equation

$$fg(x) = 3$$

(4)

(b) Find f^{-1}

(3)

(c) Sketch and label, on the same axes, the curve with equation $y = g(x)$ and the curve with equation $y = g^{-1}(x)$. Show on your sketch the coordinates of the points where each curve meets or cuts the coordinate axes.

(3)

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