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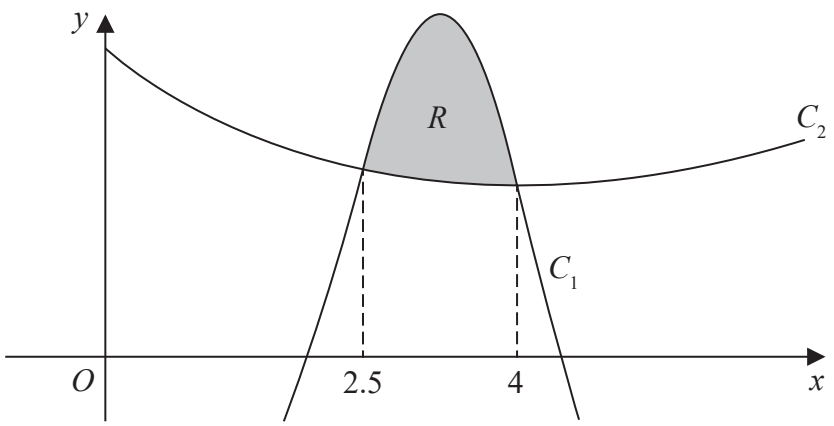

Figure 2

Figure 2 shows a sketch of part of the graph of the curves C_1 and C_2

The curves intersect when $x = 2.5$ and when $x = 4$

A table of values for some points on the curve C_1 is shown below, with y values given to 3 decimal places as appropriate.

x	2.5	2.75	3	3.25	3.5	3.75	4
y	5.453	7.764	9.375	9.964	9.367	7.626	5

Using the trapezium rule with all the values of y in the table,

(a) find, to 2 decimal places, an estimate for the area bounded by the curve C_1, the line with equation $x = 2.5$, the x-axis and the line with equation $x = 4$

(4)

The curve C_2 has equation

$$y = x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3x + 9 \qquad x > 0$$

(b) Find $\int \left(x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3x + 9 \right) \mathrm{d}x$

(3)

The region R, shown shaded in Figure 2, is bounded by the curves C_1 and C_2

(c) Use the answers to part (a) and part (b) to find, to one decimal place, an estimate for the area of the region R.

(3)

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Question 5 continued

Q5

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6. A circle has equation

$$x^2 - 6x + y^2 + 8y + k = 0$$

where k is a positive constant.

Given that the x-axis is a tangent to this circle,

(a) find the value of k.

(3)

The circle meets the coordinate axes at the points R, S and T.

(b) Find the exact area of the triangle RST.

(4)

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