2. **In this question you must show all stages of your working.**

Solutions relying on calculator technology are not acceptable.

(a) Solve

$$5(x + 3) > 4(2x - 5)$$

(2)

(b) (i) Write

$$x^2 - 6x + 1$$

in the form $(x + a)^2 + b$ where a and b are constants.

(ii) Hence solve

$$x^2 - 6x + 1 \geqslant 0$$

(4)

(c) Hence find the values of x that satisfy both

$$5(x + 3) > 4(2x - 5) \quad \textbf{and} \quad x^2 - 6x + 1 \geqslant 0$$

(1)

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Question 2 continued

(Total for Question 2 is 7 marks)

3. **In this question you must show all stages of your working.**

Solutions relying on calculator technology are not acceptable.

$$y = x^3 + 96\sqrt{x} + 5 \qquad x > 0$$

(a) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, giving each term in simplest form.

(3)

(b) Find the solution of the equation

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 0$$

writing the answer in the form 2^k where k is a constant.

(3)

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