9. Given that

- the point A has coordinates (4, 2)
- the point B has coordinates (15, 7)
- the line l_1 passes through A and B

(a) find an equation for l_1, giving your answer in the form $px + qy + r = 0$ where p, q and r are integers to be found.

(3)

The line l_2 passes through A and is parallel to the x-axis.

The point C lies on l_2 so that the length of BC is $5\sqrt{5}$

(b) Find both possible pairs of coordinates of the point C.

(4)

(c) Hence find the minimum possible area of triangle ABC.

(2)

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

Question 9 continued

Question 9 continued

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

Question 9 continued

(Total for Question 9 is 9 marks)

10. The curve C has equation $y = f(x)$ where $x > 0$

Given that

- $f'(x) = 6x - \dfrac{(2x - 1)(3x + 2)}{2\sqrt{x}}$
- the point $P(4, 12)$ lies on C

(a) find the equation of the normal to C at P, giving your answer in the form $y = mx + c$ where m and c are integers to be found,

(4)

(b) find $f(x)$, giving each term in simplest form.

(6)

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA