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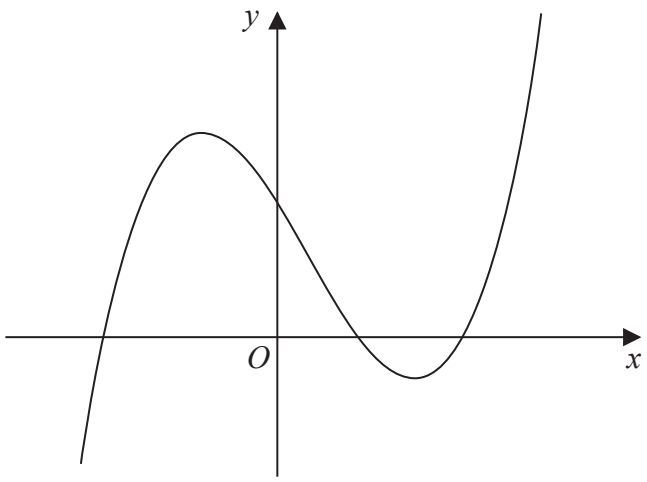


Figure 3

Figure 3 shows a sketch of part of the curve with equation $y = f(x)$, where

$$f(x) = (x + 4)(x - 2)(2x - 9)$$

Given that the curve with equation $y = f(x) - p$ passes through the point with coordinates (0, 50)

(a) find the value of the constant p.

(2)

Given that the curve with equation $y = f(x + q)$ passes through the origin,

(b) write down the possible values of the constant q.

(2)

(c) Find $f'(x)$.

(4)

(d) Hence find the range of values of x for which the gradient of the curve with equation $y = f(x)$ is less than -18

(3)

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Question 7 continued

Q7

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8. The line l_1 has equation

$$2x - 5y + 7 = 0$$

(a) Find the gradient of l_1

(1)

Given that

- the point A has coordinates $(6, -2)$
- the line l_2 passes through A and is perpendicular to l_1

(b) find the equation of l_2 giving your answer in the form $y = mx + c$, where m and c are constants to be found.

(3)

The lines l_1 and l_2 intersect at the point M.

(c) Using algebra and showing all your working, find the coordinates of M.

(*Solutions relying on calculator technology are not acceptable.*)

(3)

Given that the diagonals of a square $ABCD$ meet at M,

(d) find the coordinates of the point C.

(2)

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